

1. The Cold War (1945-1991)

What did President Truman mean when he said we were in a “Cold War”?

Most say that the Cold War started at _____ in _____.

The Berlin Wall became a tangible symbol of the _____ that divided the world by differing ideologies.

What was the Truman Doctrine?

Notes: _____

2. The Formation of Israel (1948)

What was the condition for British support of a Jewish nation?

What travesty encouraged the Jews to immigrate back to their ancient homeland?

Why did the Egyptian people assassinate Anwar Sadat?

Notes: _____

3. The Korean War (1950–1953)

Who first gained control of North Korea after World War II?

What first gained control of South Korea after World War II?

What is at the 38th parallel today?

Notes:

4. Ayatollah Khomeini forms the Islamic Republic of Iran (1979)

Ayatollah Khomeini was the highest-ranking _____ leader in Iran.

What happened when the United States refused to give up the Shah of Iran?

At what point were the US hostages released from Iran?

Notes:

5. The First Gulf War (Aug 1990-Feb 1991)

Saddam Hussein believed himself to be the modern equivalent of which two historic Middle Eastern leaders?

Hussein's invasion of _____ lead to the start of the First Gulf War.

Which United States President sent troops to stop Hussein?

Notes: _____

6. The Collapse of the Soviet Union (Dec 26, 1991)

What was the first act of rebellion by the East Germans to “declare their independence” from the U.S.S.R.?

Within two years of Germany declaring its independence, _____ satellite states declared their own independence including the large state of _____.

Who is the current president of Russia?

Notes: _____

7. The Global War on Terror (Ongoing)

The Second Gulf War was fought against the nation of _____.

How was Saddam Hussein’s claim to be a modern Nebuchadnezzar eerily similar to the Biblical prophecy?

The war in Iraq ended shortly after the capture of _____.

Notes: _____
